





# THE CLIMAX.

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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 26, - 1896.

## ADVERTISING RATES.

| SPACE.     | First Week. | Second Week. | Third Week. | Fourth Week. | Over Four Weeks. |
|------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1 inch.    | 1.75        | 1.50         | 1.25        | 1.00         | .75              |
| 2 inches.  | 3.50        | 3.00         | 2.50        | 2.00         | 1.50             |
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Reading notices to clients for first insertion, 5 cents a line for additional insertions. Objections, resolutions of censure and similar matter at half rates. No special position.

## DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT,  
WM. J. BRYAN,  
of Nebraska.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT,  
ARTHUR SEWELL,  
of Maine.

FOR JUDGE OF THE COURT OF APPEALS,  
W. S. FRYOR,  
of Henry County.

## CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENT.

FOR CONGRESS.

DEVON FRIER, of Shelby county, is a candidate for Congress, to represent the 8th district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

LOUIS B. THOMPSON, of Mercer, is a candidate for Congress, to represent the 8th district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

JAMES C. LACKY, is a candidate for Jailer of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

WHITE and Colson continue to claim the Republican nomination for Congress in the 11th and White will contest.

## MEN WITH US.

The Republican and bolterist papers are constantly referring to "far-fetched," "lindsey" and other lesser lights that cannot support the nominees of the Chicago Convention. They, however, studiously avoid referring to gentlemen such as Hoke Smith, McCrory, Berry, Hill, Falcouner and others who accept the will and wisdom of their party and are willing to wait for the assistance of foreign powers.

## REPUBLICAN PLATFORM, 1892.

### FINANCIAL PLAN.

The American people, from tradition and interest, favor bimetallicism, and the Republican party demands the use of both gold and silver as standard money, with such restrictions and under such provisions, to be determined by legislation, as will secure the maintenance of the parity of values of the two metals, so that the purchasing and selling power of the dollar, whether of silver, gold or paper, shall be at all times equal. The interests of the producers of the country, its farmers and its workmen, demand that every dollar, paper or coin, issued by the government, shall be as good as any other.

## DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM, 1892.

### FINANCIAL PLAN.

We denounce the Republican legislation known as the Sherman act of 1890 as a cowardly makeshift, fraught with possibilities of danger in the future which should make all of its supporters, as well as its author, anxious for its speedy repeal. We hold to the use of both gold and silver as the standard money of the country, and the coinage of both gold and silver without discrimination against either metal or charge for mintage. But the dollar unit of coinage of both metals must be of equal intrinsic and exchangeable value, or be adjusted by international agreement, or by such safeguards of legislation as shall insure the maintenance of the parity of the two metals at all times in the market and in the payment of debts.

## BOLTCRATS.

The national Democrats of Kentucky, so-called, have met in State convention and have spoken their sentiments the same we suppose they would have their national convention adopt, and they have the effrontery to call it Jeffersonian, Jacksonian Democracy.

We suppose they are right. It is a pity that the fellows at Chicago were not informed. We were not aware of the fact until this assembly met that Jefferson advocated a single gold standard, and that the double standard was a mischievous Hamiltonian which he detested the people into on account of his deceptive oratory. Old Hickory was the man that always advocated allowing national banks to furnish the people with currency redeemable in gold. You Chicagoans are away off, so they say. A bigger lot of falsehoods and misrepresentations of two dead statesmen were never embodied in one article.

## "WE NEED IT."

EDITOR CLIMAX:  
"When Hill entertains Mr. Bryan at luncheon the menu should be carefully preserved, in order that the art of dressing and re-dressing a dish of crow, to make it palatable, may not be lost to the political chieftain of the future."—Louisville Evening Times, Aug. 24, 1896.

In the light of this spicy comment, how careless of present application in you not to have ordered at once an extra copy of the menu, and also extra arrangements with Mr. Hill's cook for all the remnants and bones left from this political crow-feast, and had them sent by dispatch to your poor dyspeptic neighbor, the Courier-Journal, from which an afternoon soup for Mr. Haldeman should be made as a relish and stimulant to his dissipated cizzard before he goes to Indianapolis for his big

slice of Hovewer milk cow stake that will be served at the Courier-Journal convention to be."

A dish like this warm would no doubt much relieve Mr. Haldeman's over taxed public energies, greatly restore his mental forces and insure sound sleep for a night or two. We prescribe it in dead earnest an think it would not only assist his digestion of current events, but much improve the character of his new Democracy—send us the soup.

## SPEAKING AT BEREA.

Hon. John B. Thompson and Attorney General Taylor locked horns on the money issue at Berea fair August 20th.

Mr. Thompson opened the debate and spoke for one hour and fifteen minutes. He presented the evils of a gold standard in his forceful logical style which evidently carried conviction to the minds of every one present. He was so desired by his vote to bring about the greatest good to the masses of the people, it was evident that many who had accepted the declaration of the Republican party as the proper thing, had their eyes opened and much good is expected to Democracy as a result of this debate.

General Taylor had been posted that a greater portion of the audience were Republicans, and it was evident from the start that he would indulge in not instead of argument.

He started out with that abuse learned from those Democrats who have read their doom, and after calling the best men in this country all the villainous names known to literature, proceeded to try to discuss the issue.

He showed a greater lack of information than any man whom the people ever elected to the position he now occupies.

In the reply of fifteen minutes accorded Mr. Thompson, he showed no money to his opponent, but plainly showed to the audience how little Mr. Taylor knew about the subject.

Taylor will evidently post himself or avoid many assertions there made should he go speaking again soon.

## A Gold Man Abroad.

The Cincinnati Enquirer of Saturday says:

About 40 traveling men and merchants were gathered in the waiting room of the State Hotel on Friday morning, two since discussing the money question. The arguments grew acute. Finally a merchant from Richmond, Ky. said:

"What do you want with more silver? There is plenty of gold in the country. Some days I handle \$50 to \$100 in gold at my store."

This was no joke, said that one of the traveling men present rose and said to the merchant:

"I'll bet you \$100 to \$200, and put up the money, that you have not handled \$10 a day in gold in five years unless it was on some special occasions."

"You mean to question my veracity?" said the merchant. In hot temper.

"Your veracity is not questioned," replied the phlegmatic drummer. "My proposition is a plain business one, \$100 to \$100."

It looked like a time, and a time it was, and the merchant, who made the statement, who made the statement, and we cannot agree on that line. I'll tell you how that gold matter happened. The bank officials of Richmond got together and agreed to pay out gold for several days past for political effect. It was a trick, and that is how the gold got into my brother-in-law's store. Before that we never saw the color of gold, and we won't any more."

The drummer's bet was not taken. The crowd was about evenly divided.

## SOME NATIONAL BANK DISCLOSURES.

THE PANIC CIRCULAR OF 1893.

"DEAR SIR:—The interests of national banks require that an immediate financial legislation by Congress. Silver certificates and treasury notes must be retired and national bank notes upon a gold basis made the only money. This will require the authorization of from \$500,000,000 to \$1,000,000,000 of new bonds as a basis of circulation. You will at once retire one-third of your circulation and call in one-half of your loans. Be careful to make a money stringency felt among our patrons especially among influential business men. Advocate an extra session of congress for the repeal of the Sherman law and get with the other banks of your city in securing a large petition to Congress for its unconditional repeal, per accompanying form. Use personal influence with congressmen and particularly let your wishes be known to your Senators. The future life of national banks as fixed and safe investments depends upon immediate action, as there is an increasing sentiment in favor of government legal tender notes and silver coinage."

The editor of the Pantagraph refers to the above circular as "Judge Chennault's circular."

Young man, you ought to read the papers! We have a paper in our office with a circulation of over 100,000 printed October 26, 1895, with this circular in it, together with two others on the same subject, and with a view to accomplishing the same end. We have noticed this circular in a paper published at Louisville, also a book generously circulated published at San Francisco. Judge Farvin gave the name of the gentleman who gave him the circular and read it to the audience composed of both Democrats and Republicans. The bankers present did not denounce it as a forgery. Now, our young friend, why call it "Judge Chennault's circular," to intimate some one may be injured by its publication. Read the papers and don't be surprised at anything that may hurt your party.

## FINANCIAL FLINGS.

EDITOR CLIMAX:

Is this country a little weaker that it is to wait the consent of other nations before changing its monetary system. England acted independently when she established the gold standard, Germany asked no cooperation when she abandoned gold in 1873, and she acted independently again in 1873 when silver was abandoned. France acted entirely independent when she threw her mints open to both metals in 1803. In the

light of these facts is it not humiliating to think that America the most powerful, energetic, and wealthy nation on earth should be afraid to act with any independence? The majority of the people of this country believe that bimetallicism will be beneficial and they mean to have it. They will no longer be deterred by a pretended few timid ones who hesitate and cry anarchy. The way to get bimetallicism is to act, not stand shivering and trembling like a big baby before plunging into an ice cold pool.

International bimetallicism is an old delusion, and those that are waiting for it most patiently do not want it at all.

The cry that free coinage of silver would mean the bringing to this country boat loads of the white metal is too ridiculous to talk about. Not a man can tell you where this silver is to come from. There is not a nation on earth that has more of it than they need, and what if it did come, what harm could it do? Free coinage does not mean that the Government is to buy the silver, it means simply to coin it free of charge, and when a foreigner takes his coined silver home he would have nothing more than bullion after an expense of transportation both ways, and being without its use for a considerable time. No man is foolish enough to do such a thing. Then if the coined money was invested in this country in either real property or products what harm would that do. Is any man in this country so silly as to object to a foreigner investing his money with us. If any one wanted to give him gold for his silver they could do so, but there would not, nor could there be any compulsion. And again we are told that the miner of this country could take his bullion to the mint and get an ounce or less worth only so many cents (the does not know of course how much it will be worth) coined into a dollar. Who knows but that before or by the time we have free coinage of silver, but that it will be on a par with gold at sixteen to one. Be no longer deceived by such subterfuge, it is the last miserable bait of those that have been growing fat upon the misery of others.

Read this to your gold standard friend and ask him to deny the truth of it if he can. Act wisely and confer a blessing upon yourselves and posterity. The crime to rob masses by decreasing the volume of the currency, has proved a good educator. Good will come out of this monetary evil.

The cruel and wicked contraction of the currency of the country to make the rich richer and the poor poorer, has brought on a discussion that will never end until it is understood, and when understood, and the people see wherein they have been unmercifully robbed in all the past, the shyness and owners of the precious metal will be shorn of their power over nations and men. We may then have hopes of a brighter and better future. We are upon the dawn of a better and a brighter era. Let us act with courage, firmness and patience, and we will reap our just reward in happy, prosperous and free days.

Y.

## CORRESPONDENCE.

### DOYLESVILLE.

The drought was broken here last week by an abundance of rain.

Mr. Wm. Hise, who has been so very sick for some time past, is slowly improving.

A movement is on foot to secure for this place a graded school which we hope everybody will favor.

The Methodist Church has been recently repaired and is looking more than nice at present.

The date of the quilt sale and Sunday school entertainment has been changed from the 22nd to the night of August 29 there will be music, singing and speaking. Admission 10 cents. For the benefit of the church.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Eades have been visiting relatives in Clark County.

Mr. and Mrs. Tandy Eades have returned from Mallory Springs where they have been for a short time.

## NEWBY.

Squire F. C. Millon held his regular Court last Tuesday. There was a sprinkling of legal talent in attendance, J. C. Chennault, H. B. Hogg, Tavis Cobb, and H. O. Brewer, of Richmond.

Hogs are on the rise—worth 31 cents.

Miss Mattie Holman is better.

Mr. Brewer and Judge Chennault made good Democratic speeches at Newby, and a Silver Club was organized consisting of 32 members. The officers are: President H. W. Haden, Vice I. N. Douglas, Secretary J. B. Millon.

Sunday School at Slick Rock is progressing. Attendance large.

## VALLEY VIEW.

P. H. Sullivan and O. H. Brewer spoke to an appreciative crowd here last Saturday night. A club was organized consisting of 50 members, and named the J. G. Berris Free Silver Democratic Club.

## PANOLA.

D. F. Sharp, returned from a visit to his parents in Tennessee, Saturday.

Rev. W. P. Dalton of this place will preach at Scaffold Cave, Rockcastle County, next Sunday, and at Bear Wallow Saturday evening before 5th Sunday at three o'clock.

The storm Saturday night was heavy on fruit trees, breaking a good many and stripping of fruit.

Some unknown party broke into the depot here and stole a couple of tickets.

Parties from Jessamine county bought 20 hammers and some ewes from J. P. Logdon last week.

Uncle Billy Carr has been buying hammers and got a splendid lot. They went off last week.

## WACO.

Mr. Wm. Fulder of Lexington spent Sunday with his father Dillard Fulder.

Miss Lucy Adams is visiting Mrs. Thomas Davis at Campbellville, Kentucky.

Mr. C. L. Seary purchased last week of A. S. Hise the Ellis farm of 240 acres at twenty dollars an acre.

Miss Nancy Howe returned home last week from Stanford, bringing with

her Miss Annie Engleman, who will be her guest this week.

Mrs. Alice Wagers visited friends and relatives here last week.

Miss Mary Crawford of Doyleville is visiting Miss Mattie Covington.

Miss Pearl Deatherage spent from Friday until Monday at home.

Miss Lena Stivers who is teaching at Rogersville spent Sunday here.

Quite a number from this community attended the association at Liberty Hill county last week.

Misses Sallie and Mary Dudley and Mr. H. T. Bonny who have been at East Hill Springs have returned home.

Misses Catherine Elice, Mary and Lula Berrymann visited Miss Mattie Covington last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Sid B. Hamilton lost by death last week their baby, who died of cholera infantum. They have the sympathy of the community.

There will be speaking at this place on Friday evening. Mr. J. Tavis Cobb, and others are expected to speak. After the speaking a Bryan and Sewall club will be organized. Everyone interested in their own as well as their fellow man's welfare are urged to attend.

## FOX TOWN.

Miss Laura Kashi has returned from Old Point Comfort, after a pleasant trip of three weeks.

Mrs. Clifton Burgin, who was painfully hurt by a kicking horse, is about recovered.

Squire G. B. Millon suffered a slight stroke of paralysis but is much improved at this writing.

Because of the sickness of his father, Squire Millon, of Jolly Ridge, presided over the Magistrate Court at this place and impressed the people with his prompt and impartial dealing.

Mr. G. C. Igo, formerly a resident of this county, but who has been for several years living in Texas, visited his family here and returned home last week.

Mr. Harber Dunlar, the police government official located here, owns to have bought a jersey bull "just to hear him blow" but had his fine remitted because the purchase was made prior to the campaign.

There is not enough good wheat in this section to meet the needs of the producers, yet the best sells for the small sum of fifty cents "bush" for the gold standard!

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Burgin gave a moon light picnic at Boonesborough in honor of their guests, the Misses Nelson, of Knoxville, Tenn. The well-lighted grounds, pleasant evening and excellent music, combined with the untiring efforts of Mr. and Mrs. Burgin. Made the evening enjoyable and will linger long in the minds of all present. Dancing was indulged in and political talk until near midnight when the large crowd dispersed with weary limbs and tongues and grateful hearts for a few hours of untroubled pleasure and profit.

If the Pantagraph thinks the effort to organize a Bryan and Sewall club here was a "disastrous failure," it might learn something to its advantage by dropping in on us any Saturday evening. It being a Republican paper of the "black as Egypt" kind, we cannot promise it a pleasant visit but a decidedly profitable one. In order that the representative of that sheet may be not surprised or dismayed, should he conclude to visit us, we will inform him that the club has 65 personally authorized and enthusiastic members; not young men only, but young and old, white and black from the best and most prominent men in the community who see in the success of the Chicago ticket the only possible means of return to former prosperity and freedom from the Octopus arms of British tyranny and Republican outrage. I will say, too, that among the number he will find a single man who has been twice and again honored by the citizens of this place, only to pay the debt of gratitude by becoming a vigorous opponent to best interest and plainly express wishes.

## BOONESBOROUGH.

[An excellent communication from Boonesborough was unavoidably omitted this week, but will appear next week. Editor CLIMAX.]

"If a government contracted a debt with a certain amount of money in circulation, and then contracted the money volume before the debt was paid, it is the most heinous crime that a government could commit against the people."

## ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

SITUATION VERY SERIOUS.

That is What the London Financial News Says:

NOT INTENDED FOR U. S. READERS

With the Addition of Silver to the Volume of Money Everything in America Would Take on a New Face.

The London Financial News said, July 10, 1896:

"The financial situation in the United States is very serious. The Senate has blocked all relief measures proposed by President Cleveland and Congress is at a dead standstill on the money question. The free coinage Senators are masters of the situation."

"This condition of affairs in the United States Congress demands the immediate attention of the British financiers and statesmen. The trade of the world is now in peril, but it will not long remain there if the United States goes to a bimetallic basis with free and unlimited coinage of silver."

"With the addition of silver to the volume of money everything in America would take on a new face; labor and industry would gain new life. The grip of the gold on the products of the world would be loosened and prices would rise. Great Britain would lose her markets in South America, Asia, and Europe, and American bottoms would not be long in capturing the carrying trade of the world."

"British creditors must now apply themselves quickly to the American money problem. The sound money men and banking interests, led by Senator Sherman, Cleveland and Carlisle, have been beaten. The American people are now thoroughly aroused and educated on the power and use of money, and made desperate by debt and business depression they are forcing free silver as a main issue."

"Great Britain need fear no injury to her trade or investments if the Republican party and force 'pro-

# Merit

It is what gives Hood's Sarsaparilla its great popularity, its constantly increasing sales, and enables it to accomplish its wonderful and unequalled cures. The combination, proportion and process used in preparing Hood's Sarsaparilla are unknown to other medicines, and make Hood's Sarsaparilla

## Peculiar to Itself

It cures a wide range of diseases because of its power as a blood purifier. It acts directly and positively upon the blood, and the blood reaches every nook and corner of the human system. Thus all the nerves, muscles, bones and tissues come under the beneficial influence of

# Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. \$1 per bottle. Hood's Pills take easy to operate. 25c.

It is evident that the Democratic party will not renominate a man who holds to President Cleveland's ideas on money, and the only hope for a continuation of Mr. Cleveland's financial policy will be in the success of the Republicans in the next election.

"The success of free coinage will bring down the rate of interest on money, and cause an immediate rise in the price of all commodities. When silver becomes primary money the American mints will pour their products into the mint, and a new issue of greenbacks during the civil war will begin. Gold will leave the banks and enter into competition with silver in the avenues of trade, and the manufacturers of the United States, which have been shut down or crippled since 1892, will again resume their flight for the English markets."

"It is doubtful whether the Republican party can be held much longer in check by sound money statesmen, as its adherents are divided by powerful factions. The Democratic party is also breaking up under the weight of the free silver agitation. It matters not to Great Britain which party succeeds if the gold standard is maintained, but either of the old parties or a new party which goes in to power pledged to free coinage will be inimical and prejudicial to English manufactures and trade."

"The American people cling with wonderful tenacity to party organization, but financial embarrassment has become severe for their patience, and they are ready for any change that promises relief. They are becoming convinced that it cannot be found in the protection theory, as that has been tried, and they are turning now to free silver. When that issue comes fairly before the American people, England will regret her apathy and adherence to the single gold standard."

## THE STATE SCHOOL

FOR  
BLIND CHILDREN.

To the Relatives and Friends of the Blind Children in Kentucky.

In almost every State in our Union there are free schools for the various defective classes.

Kentucky established her school for the blind in 1842, being the eighth school of the kind in the country. There are now thirty-five such schools in the United States, in which were trained, last year, 3,577 blind children, of whom 132 were in the Kentucky school for the blind at Louisville.

The purpose of the State in founding the school was to give to the child with defective sight as good an education as is offered to the seeing child, and, in addition, to give it instruction in manual training.

In 1884 the General Assembly passed an act providing for the addition of a department in a separate building, and distinct from the whites, for the education of the colored blind children of the State.

In carrying out the purpose of the founders of this public school for the blind the Board have endeavored to meet the expectations of a wise and beneficent public sentiment. They have tried to follow in the line first marked out by those eminent men, who, for many years, guided the progress of the school.

With this end in view they have secured skillful and devoted teachers, good and faithful servants, improved educational appliances, and have provided that the children under their control shall be properly and kindly cared for in respect to their food, their shelter, their clothing, and their health, thus providing the advantages of a high class boarding school, free of cost for all blind children.

Notwithstanding all this, about seventy per cent. of the blind children of Kentucky between the teachable ages of six and sixteen years of age, are growing up in ignorance, without any share in the great advantages so freely offered by the State.

The American idea for a school for the blind is as far removed from its being an asylum on the one hand, as it is from its being a hospital for the treatment of dis-

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MOST PERFECT MADE.  
A pure Grain Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

used eyes on the other. Its work is strictly educational, and it is established, not out of charity for the afflicted, but from a sense of justice that recognizes the fact that, under the principles of our government a free education is the birthright of every child in the Republic.

A blind child, or one with defective sight, should be sent to school as soon as it can get along without a nurse, say at six or seven years of age. Every year's delay after that time, renders the task of its education more difficult and incomplete.

From the moment it reaches the school the sense of touch has to be persistently trained. The Kindergarten, with its great variety of devices and employment for busy fingers, is of inestimable value for this purpose, and the work done by the children in this department arrests the attention and excites the admiration of the most careless visitor.

After the Kindergarten the child studies things, and models of things, and, in its study of geography, models in sand and clay, the surface of its state and country, and the grand division of the globe, is taught to read and write, and cipher. He studies grammar, history, natural philosophy, and all the branches of an education. If he has any musical ability it is scientifically and sedulously cultivated, for it is the practice of the art of music that he can compete with his seeing comrades on more equal terms than in any other occupation. He is also given instructions in the work-shop where he learns to cane chairs, make brooms, and practice simple apophyses, such as the repairing of lounges, and the manufacture of mattresses. If he is capable of learning it, he is also taught the art of piano tuning, in which art several of our graduates have obtained a well deserved success. Graduates of our school are in charge of the music departments in the school for the blind of Louisiana and Arkansas.

The girls are carefully taught the use of the needle, and learn, as they progress, how to patch and darn, and mend, how to knit, how to use the sewing machine, and how to cut, fit, together, and make their own garments.

In this course of study and development, extending over eight or ten years, the blind child gains a confidence in his own power that enables it to overcome to a great extent the natural awkwardness of blindness. It has become a youth of intelligence, an agreeable companion, a self-respecting, independent person, familiar with current events, with a well trained family, with the amenities of civilized life. He is to a considerable degree prepared to



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| 2 inches.  | 2.00      | 3.50       | 5.00         | 6.50       | 8.00        | 9.50          | 11.00        | 12.50        | 14.00       | 15.50         | 17.00         | 18.50        | 20.00     |
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## CANDIDATES ANNOUNCEMENT.



\_\_\_\_\_

comes strength  
 blood has been puri-  
 fied and vitalized by Hood's  
 It  
 Hood's Sarsaparilla this  
 may be the means of  
 and hearty all sum-  
 It  
 Hood's Blood cures that  
 ing. Hood's Sarsaparilla  
 and vitalizes the blood,  
 and increased vigor and  
 It  
 Pills are easy to take,  
 operate. Care indiges-  
 headache.  
 It  
**Done in One Minute.**  
 Lightning Clasp, you  
 and in your paper, and it  
 under. Even clasp inless  
 and the butter is ele-  
 considerably more but-  
 to use a common clasp.  
 for the clasp here and  
 ever sees it buys one. I  
 dozen and give the lat-  
 to sell each \$100 in this  
 my clasp so quickly,  
 more butter than com-  
 are so cheap. Some  
 insip, can make two or  
 dollars selling these  
 essing J. F. Casey & Co.,  
 ing get circulars and full  
 on can make big money  
 I have made \$50 in this  
 and I never sold any-  
 by life.  
 A Farmer. (1)  
**Electric made Desk.**  
 prepare a statement that  
 old restore any head of  
 hair in three weeks. As  
 sent for a sample pack-  
 three weeks my hair  
 fully restored to natural  
 color. My hair was a light  
 ash. Valier, her hair is  
 dark. Anyone can  
 age of Zulu Valier, by  
 cent stamps to Wilson &  
 ord, Ohio, and if it does  
 air to natural color in  
 will return your stamps;  
 res the hair to natural  
 color on the hair falling out  
 is one of the best hair  
 if you take no risk, and  
 if only you perfectly they  
 stamps.  
 A Reader. (1)  
**Mill-Make it Your-  
 self.**  
 the people's wind mills  
 unattended in your pa-  
 nely cost me \$9, 40 and is  
 my well is deep, but it  
 bit and with very little  
 bors all like it, and as I  
 want, I have agreed to  
 is already, on which I  
 profit, and there are  
 I can't put up mills  
 too why every farm-  
 a wind mill, when they  
 themselves for less than \$20,  
 diagrams and complete  
 taking the wind mill, by  
 cent stamps to get the  
 s. Wilson & Co., Allegh-  
 can be dozens of them  
 nality by any one that  
 it.  
 A Farmer. (1)  
**WILEY.**  
 of 2001 Bond Early for  
 J. W. Farmer or James  
 at 12 23  
**SALE!**  
 at the Court House  
 by Court day.  
**er 7, 1896,**  
 r, my interest in the  
 one seventh of 109 1-2  
 from town, on the Big  
**R. S. Rice.**  
 Ballard, Auctioneer.  
**Collector's Notice.**  
 of the City of Richmond  
 and their taxes for the  
 due and have been de-  
 1896, and if they are not  
 per 1st, 1896, a penalty of  
 will be added as prescribed  
 Office same as County  
 J. L. BAXTER,  
 City Collector.  
**Ordinance.**  
 by the Members of the  
 price of license per an-  
 nual of Life Insurance Com-  
 twenty-five dollars.  
 who shall solicit or  
 induce any person to in-  
 sure first having secured a  
 shall be fined twenty-  
 cent offense.  
 T. CONNOR, Mayor.  
 C. WELLS, Clerk.  
 It  
**ation Time.**  
 and is gladly welcomed by  
 those whose duties in life  
 to greatly run down  
 meet the requirements,  
 mental, formed upon them.  
 others, it is important,  
 so, at the sea shore, or in  
 out some thought be given  
 further assistance to na-  
 building-up medicine like  
 rilla had best be restored  
 question is poor. liver de-  
 ment headaches seem to  
 self to change all the  
 evers to return to their  
 sness is refreshed state of  
 y health.  
 9-12  
**Cannot Be Cured.**  
 cations, as they cannot  
 need portion of the ear.  
 ne way to cure deafness,  
 constitutional remedies,  
 sed by an inflamed con-  
 cious lining of the Eus-  
 When the tube gets in-  
 fected, emitting sound or  
 ting, and when it is en-  
 deafness is the result, and  
 amination can be taken out  
 restored to its normal con-  
 will be destroyed forever;  
 of ten are caused by ca-  
 nothing but an inflamed



